Navigating ethical research around playful teaching in South African autism schools: stories from the field

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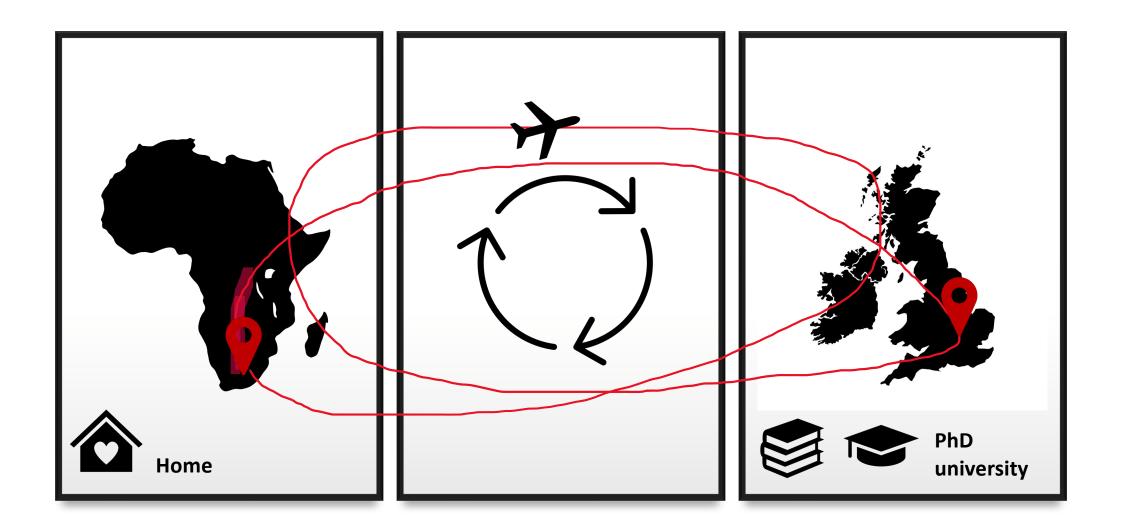






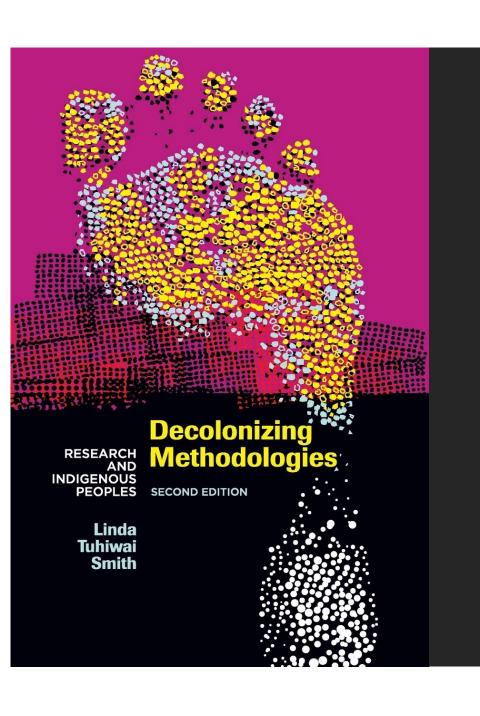






What is the first thing that comes to mind when you think about ethics?





'Research ethics is a study of how humans fail and succeed at treating each other with respect' (Tuhiwai Smith, 2012, p.101)

Research context: South Africa

- South Africa's current state of inclusive education cannot be understood without engaging with the legacy of the apartheid regime (Kalinnikova Magnusson & Walton, 2021).
- 'International promises' (Singal et al., 2019)... but still most unequal country in the world....
- 89% of South African autistic children in special schools (Pillay et al., 2020)
- South African policies on play are aligned with the Right to Play as enshrined in Article 31 of UN Convention on the Rights of the Child (1989)



Play in schools

- Play has long been recognized as a central way children learn (Zosh et al., 2018)
- Although children in all cultures play, such play may be accepted, cultivated, or curtailed (Whitebread & Basilo, 2013).
- 'Towards a South African Pedagogy of Play' (Solis et al., 2019)
- Geo-political contexts of children's play by considering cultural, socio-economic, and neurodivergent manifestations (Murris et al., 2022)

Looking and listening (and then maybe speaking) – Tuhiwai Smith (2005)

Playful
Participatory
Research
(Baker et al.,
2016)

Case study research design

6 months fieldwork in 3 public autism schools

12 teachers and 12 teaching assistants

'Ethics of parallax perspectives' (Swartz, 2011)

Such a feminist and emancipatory position not only accepts responsibility for the protection and fair representation of participants, but also attempts to engage in research that offers a 'parallax of perspectives' (Ginsburg, 1995; Sameshima, 2007). These 'different angles of vision' (Ginsburg, 1995: 65) ensure research participants (and the topic under scrutiny) are not misrepresented through shallow, monocled gazes, but instead take every opportunity to consider participants' perspectives in ways that allow a reader to change position as the subject is viewed from changing perspectives. This is what I term the 'going deep' part of emancipatory research ethics or 'an ethics of parallax perspectives'. (Swartz, 2011)

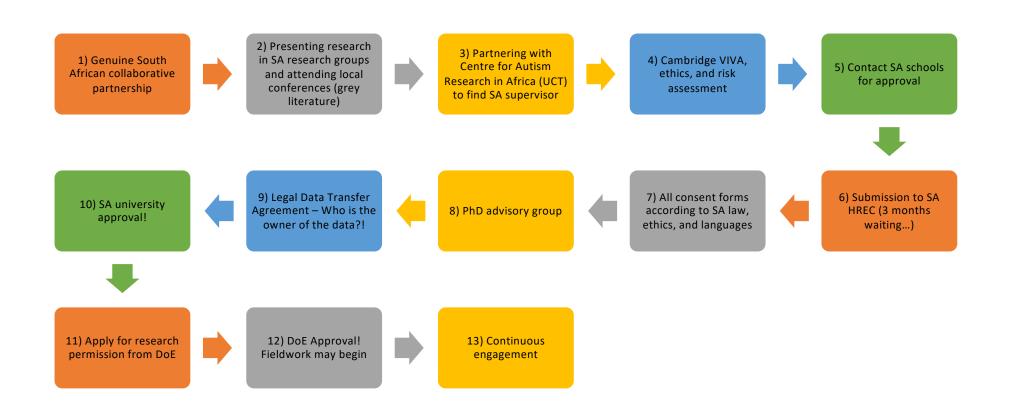
Emancipatory framework of 'going deep' (Swartz, 2011) – Choosing multiple methods



Strengthening research through South African ethics

The rigour of all research conducted in South Africa must be scientifically and ethically reviewed by a **South African-based** research ethics committee

Key steps towards South African ethics



Thank you!

• Please reach out for further discussions or questions

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